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STATE OF ARKANSAS

2014 STATEWIDE SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT PLAN

EFFECTIVE DATE April 1, 2014

Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality 5301 Northshore Drive, North Little Rock AR 72118-5317 Phone (501) 682-0602 Fax (501) 682-0880 www.adeq.state.ar.us



LEITER FROM THE DIRECTOR



Dear Arkansans:

In 2001 the Arkansas General Assembly charged the Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality with developing a comprehensive Statewide Solid Waste Management Plan. This plan, created in partnership with the state's 18 regional solid waste management districts, the University of Arkansas Cooperative Extension Service and the Arkansas Environmental Federation, was implemented in 2003. The plan called for each district to submit updated operation plans to ADEQ annually and for ADEQ to review and rewrite the statewide plan every 10 years.

In August of 2011, ADEQ brought together diverse experts and interested parties to help develop the 2014 plan. They identified as focus areas waste assessment, collection, disposal, recycling, special materials management and education. The department is thankful for the commitment of these people, who are listed on the acknowledgements page.

The state's 2003 plan provided the public and decision-makers with valuable information regarding history, organization, revenue resources, demographics and services.

It became evident during many planning meetings over the past year that the second plan will need to go even further in providing a more specific framework and timeline to help all levels of government fulfill their environmental missions. As a result, the 2014 plan includes a number of recommendations that will break new ground for the future. For example, each regional solid waste management district will develop a waste management needs assessment that will provide a starting point for planning initiatives. Also, there will be more focus on reinvigorating waste diversion and recycling programs across the state.

ADEQ's mission is to protect, enhance and restore the natural environment for the well-being of all Arkansans. For our employees, this mission is more than a job; it is a passion. We hope all Arkansans will partner with us to implement this plan in order to safeguard our greatest resources.

Teresa Marks

Director

Acknowledgements

The director of the Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality wishes to acknowledge the following Statewide Solid Waste Management Plan Committee members and others for their contributions of time and expertise during the development of this document. To the cities, counties, regional solid waste management boards and districts (RSWMBs & RSWMDs), and industries that participated or provided responses and comments to solid waste surveys: Thank you all.

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Executive Summary

As waste streams, waste management techniques and public policy priorities have dramatically changed over the past 10 years, Arkansas needed to evaluate these changes and make enhancements to our existing infrastructure to ensure we are maximizing our ability to conserve precious resources and provide for environmentally sound waste management opportunities for all citizens of the state.

This 2014 Statewide Solid Waste Plan was developed over a two year period by a broad stakeholder workgroup. It was discussed at 18 public meetings around the state and revised based on public and stakeholder comments and concerns. This update does not replace the existing plan developed in 2003; it builds upon it.

The focus of this plan is to maximize opportunities to reuse, reduce and recycle waste instead of landfilling valuable resources. It will take all Arkansans (government, industry, business and citizens) working together to achieve these goals. Arkansas businesses have made great strides in reducing the industrially generated waste they send to landfills, which has not only been a benefit to the environment but also to their bottom line. We face more of a challenge in better managing waste generated by households and commercial entities.

Much of the waste generation and management data presented in this plan are from 2010. We used that year's data because it also corresponds to the last census taken and population has a direct impact on waste generation. Solid waste districts will need to look at their population growth/decline trends as they plan for adequate waste management infrastructure for the future.

The workgroup did not recommend establishing a numeric waste diversion goal similar to the recycling goal established in the 2003 plan. Instead, they recommended that progress be evaluated and reported through the five year plan updates provided by the regional solid waste management districts.

While most of the action items developed by the workgroup are in the form of a goal as opposed to a mandate, it is clear that the most successful waste diversion programs such as reuse and recycling are more appropriately driven by public planning, funding and needs within each regional solid waste district.

As the implementation of this plan goes forward, the department will focus on achieving the goals and mandates established by the Statewide Solid Waste Management Committee and provide guidance to regional solid waste management boards (RSWMBs) as they plan for the future. We will also provide timely updates of the department's progress as well.

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PART ONE

BACKGROUND

Mission Statement

"It is the mission of the Solid Waste Management Plan for the State of Arkansas to protect public health and environmental quality and maximize the diversion of reusable resources from landfilling. The Plan will establish minimum requirements for the development of regional solid waste management plans for 2014-2024."

Overview

A. History

The Arkansas State Legislature in 1971 created the Solid Waste Management Act (Act 237, codified as Ark. Code Ann. §8-6-201 et seq.) with the stated purposes to protect the public health and welfare, prevent the spread of disease and creation of nuisances, conserve natural resources, prevent water and air pollution and enhance the beauty and quality of the environment.

Act 870 of 1989, codified as Ark. Code Ann. §8-6-701 et seq., established the original eight regional solid waste planning districts. Pursuant to this legislation, a governor-appointed task force studied solid waste issues in Arkansas. As a result, more than two dozen solid waste related bills were introduced during the 1991 General Assembly.

Act 752 of 1991, an amendment to Ark. Code Ann. §8-6-701 et seq., enabled planning districts to become regional solid waste management districts (RSWMDs) with greatly expanded authority and responsibility. Also, Act 752 imposed a requirement that all local governments plan for the development of solid waste management systems. Through approvals granted by the Arkansas Pollution Control and Ecology Commission, the number of RSWMDs has grown to 18 in 2014.

In the 2001 legislative session, a bill was introduced to address the following issues:

- 1. Existing regional solid waste management plans were outdated.
- 2. A comprehensive statewide solid waste management plan was needed.
- 3. The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's Resource Conservation and Recovery Act Subtitle D regulations promulgated in 1994 significantly changed the way municipal solid waste landfills are required to be built and maintained.
- 4. Solid waste management actions and activities had grown and developed by leaps and bounds from 1991 to 2001, with countless innovative and proactive advancement, giving many new options for solid waste management.
- 5. From 1988 to 1999 numerous pieces of state legislation regarding solid waste management were codified, along with resulting new regulations, or amendments to old regulations.

Act 1376 of 2001, codified as Ark. Code Ann. §8-6-1901 et seq., specifically charged the Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality with developing a comprehensive statewide solid waste management plan and minimum requirements for the development of new waste management plans by regional solid waste management boards. Specifically, the plan was to set requirements for strategic planning, reporting, public notice and participation, services, and solutions to problems and issues.

In 2003, the first statewide solid waste management plan was finalized for implementation from 2003 to 2013. It incorporated requirements set forth in legislation. This plan mandated minimum requirements for regional solid waste management districts to follow in planning for their service areas and required the districts to update their plans annually. The plan also mandated its review and the creation of a new statewide solid waste plan in 10 years.

B. 2014-2024 Plan Development Process

To ensure broad input into the drafting of a proposed statewide solid waste management plan for the 2014-2024 timeframe, in mid-2011 ADEQ invited representatives from a variety of business, industry, government, consulting, environmental and resource management entities to form the statewide solid waste management planning committee. Meetings began and subcommittees were formed to start the process of developing goals and an action plan. The committee reviewed the existing plan, legislation enacted since 2003 and the current status of waste management systems and services in Arkansas.

The committee, in its early discussions, identified the goal of "waste diversion from landfilling" as the overarching tenant under which the plan should be designed. Further discussion led to the creation of the following subcommittees:

- 1. Waste Needs Assessments
- 2. Collection
- 3. Disposal

- 4. Recycling
- 5. Special Materials
- 6. Education/Public Participation

The committee recognized that a comprehensive "needs assessment" for each RSWMD was needed to ensure that all current waste streams and services be accounted for and that all gaps be identified in order to facilitate the development of district-specific plans for 2014-2024. The committee recommended that ADEQ, utilizing its statutory authority, task the RSWMDs to perform their needs assessments and deliver those results to facilitate the development of this plan. The four elements of a needs assessment are:

- 1. <u>Plan Area</u> This element calls for a comprehensive evaluation of the RSWMD geographic area. It includes demographic data, and lists each city and county within the boundaries of the plan area.
- Administrative Structure This element identifies how the board of directors conducts its business, involves the general public in its operations, creates and adopts rules and regulations governing the RSWMD (administrative procedures), and funds the RSWMD's operations.
- 3. <u>Waste Origin, Composition and Characterization</u> This element identifies the various types and volumes of solid waste generated within the plan area.
- 4. <u>Waste Collection, Recycling and Disposal</u> This element identifies the adequacy of the collection system for the entire RSWMD service area, as well as available facilities for recycling, composting,

disposing, and producing energy from the waste generated within the district and/or transported into or out of the district.

During the time that the needs assessments were being developed by the RSWMDs, the committee moved forward with subcommittee work and tasked each subcommittee with developing specific recommendations for improving solid waste management throughout Arkansas. This plan presents both the current state of solid waste management in Arkansas and associated needs, as well as the recommendations developed by the committee.

The committee decided that it would be the job of the RSWMDs to ensure that funding was available when incorporating recommendations in the form of goals into their own individual plans. For recommendations that are in the form of a mandate, necessary funding sources and levels would be developed by the committee for inclusion in the plan.

In order to get broad public input into the proposed plan, the committee agreed that ADEQ should host at least one public meeting within each RSWMD to enable the citizens and businesses in the district to have an open discussion on the services currently provided and the services they would like to see in the future. While not all citizen or business requests will end up as part of the statewide plan, each RSWMD will continue to tailor its services beyond the minimum established in the state plan to meet its citizen's requests and needs.

Following public input and changes resulting from the public participation process, ADEQ finalized the state plan for submission to the governor and Legislative Council. RSWMDs will now be tasked with developing a regional plan that satisfies the minimum requirements contained in the state plan. For recommendations that will need statutory or ADEQ regulatory changes before they can be implemented, schedules will be built into implementation of the updated plans.



Statewide solid waste management planning committee

A. Organization

1. Pollution Control and Ecology Commission

The Arkansas Pollution Control and Ecology Commission (APC&EC), established in 1949 as part of the Arkansas Water Pollution Control Act (Act 472 of 1949), is the environmental rule-making and appellate body for Arkansas. The commission may also make recommendations to the director regarding overall policy and administration of the department.

The APC&EC and ADEQ work closely together, but they have distinct functions.

2. Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality

ADEQ is organized into six regulatory divisions that focus on the protection of air, land and water:

- Air
- Hazardous Waste
- Surface Mining and Reclamation
- Regulated Storage Tanks
- Solid Waste Management
- Water

There are two environmental assistance divisions that offer direct support to the public, other divisions and environmental stakeholders to protect the environment:

- Public Outreach and Assistance
- Technical Services

And five internal divisions support the day-to-day operations of the agency:

- Computer Services
- Fiscal
- Management Services
- Legal
- · Director's office

Up-to-date organizational charts for each division are located at http://www.adeq.state.ar.us/home/orgchart.htm.

The Solid Waste Management Division's staff regulates the handling, processing, recycling and disposal of nonhazardous solid waste. The division is divided into three branches.

The Enforcement Inspection Branch is composed of eight district field inspectors, two
administrative specialists, an inspector supervisor, and an enforcement coordinator. The
branch is responsible for ensuring permitted facilities are operating according to state and
federal solid waste management regulations along with specific permit requirements. The

branch offers compliance assistance, response to emergency and disaster situations, and investigates and coordinates citizens' complaints regarding illegal dumping with the solid waste management boards/districts. The *Solid Waste News* semi-annual newsletter is published by the inspection staff.

- 2. The Programs Branch provides administrative and financial support to the division, and technical and program assistance to the public. Staff members oversee the collection of landfill disposal fees, and the management of the waste tire and mercury switch collection program. They also assist with the training of solid waste operators and manage the licensure program for both solid waste management facility operators and illegal dump control officers.
- 3. The Technical Branch provides technical review and assistance during and after the permitting process. The Branch has five engineers, three geologists, and a technical assistant. The Branch reviews permit applications and ongoing monitoring of various classes of landfills, composting facilities, transfer stations, solid waste recovery facilities, and waste tire processing facilities. Other duties include preliminary site investigations, permit modifications to existing facilities, construction quality assurance review, groundwater quality investigations, groundwater corrective actions, as well as the assessment, corrective action design, and corrective action construction performed under the Landfill Post-Closure Trust Fund.

In addition, the Recycling and Market Development Branch in ADEQ's Public Outreach and Assistance Division includes two related but distinct programs. The Recycling Section develops and conducts outreach programs to encourage recycling, waste reduction and composting. Additional services include performing waste audits; developing custom-designed educational programs; technical and outreach assistance for public, private and nonprofit organizations; distributing recycling funds; and publishing the annual "State of Recycling in Arkansas" report. Staff also provides assistance and manages two grant programs for electronics recycling. Up-to-date listings of recycling coordinator names and coordinator districts are located at http://www.adeq.state.ar.us/solwaste/branch-recycling/coord.htm.

The Market Development Section provides support for the Arkansas Marketing Board for Recyclables and assists in the development of markets for recycled material. The staff operates the Recycling Equipment Tax Credit Program, which certifies tax credits for the purchase of business equipment that recycles waste and develops markets for recyclable materials. Staff maintains the Arkansas Recycling Directory and is a member of the Renew Material Exchange.

ADEQ receives funds for Solid Waste Management Division related activities from the following legislated fee programs. Listed below are the programs and the regulatory authority of each. A complete copy of each regulation is located on ADEQ's website, www.adeq.state.ar.us

- Permit Fees Regulation 9 Chapter Six: Solid Waste Management Facilities Permit Fees, pursuant to Ark. Code Ann. §8-1-103.
- Landfill Disposal Fees Regulation 11 Chapter Two: Solid Waste Management Landfill and Out-of-State Transporter Disposal Fee System, pursuant to Ark. Code Ann. §8-1-601 et seq. and Ark. Code Ann. §8-6-1001 et seq.
- Waste Tire Fees Regulation 14 Waste Tire Program, pursuant to Ark. Code Ann. §8-9-401 et seq.
- Licensing Fees Regulation 27 Licensing of Operators of Solid Waste Management Facilities and Illegal Dumps Control Officers, pursuant to Ark. Code Ann. §8-6-901 et seq.

3. Regional Solid Waste Management Districts

Act 870 of 1989 created eight regional solid waste planning districts and eight regional solid waste planning boards. Their jurisdictions corresponded to the boundaries of the planning and development districts established pursuant to Arkansas Code §14-166-202. Act 752 of 1991 renamed these districts and boards regional solid waste management districts. There are now 18 regional solid waste management districts approved by the APC&EC.

The regional solid waste management boards (RSWMBs) function under the authority of Ark. Code Ann. §8-6-701. RSWMBs consist of local mayors for each first class city (population of 2,500 or more) in the district and county judges and/or members appointed by these officials. The boards are responsible for the continuous evaluation of the solid waste management needs in their districts (Ark. Code Ann. §8-6-704).

Although frequency varies, board meetings are conducted on a regular basis, with additional meetings called when circumstances warrant. The locations, times and specific meeting dates for all the districts can be found in their needs assessments on ADEQ's website. The diagram below provides an overview of each district.

District	Meeting Frequency	Public Notification	District Funded	Planning and Development District
			Staff	that Provides
Donton County	Every other menth	Mobsita/lacal print	6	Administrative Support None
Benton County	Every other month	Website/local print	COSTO Principo dieservosinas	COLORS BARBLE UNITED SERVICE PROPERTIES
Boston Mountain	Quarterly	Website/by request	2	None
Central Arkansas	Every other month	Local print	7	CAPDD
Craighead County	Monthly	Local print	0	CCSWDA
East Arkansas	Monthly	Local print	4	EAPDD
Faulkner County	Quarterly	Website/local print	6	None
Mississippi County	Twice Quarterly	Local print/media	0	None
Northeast Arkansas	Monthly	Local print/media	17	None
Ozark Mountain	Quarterly	Local print/media	0	CCSWA
Pulaski County	Quarterly	Website/ print/media	5	None
Saline County	Monthly	Local print/media	5	None
Sebastian County	Quarterly	Local print/media	0	None
Southeast Arkansas	Monthly	By Request	2	EAPDD
Southwest Arkansas	Quarterly	Local print/media	0	SAPDD
Southwest Central	Quarterly	Local print/media	4	WCAPDD
Upper- Southwest	Quarterly	Local print/media	4	None
West River Valley	Quarterly	Not notified	6	None
White River PDD	Quarterly	Local print	0	WRPDD

District rules, regulations and administrative procedures are filed with the Arkansas secretary of state and, although developed independently, each includes statutory requirements imposed by state code and regulations. RSWMDs fund their operations using some of the following methods found in Arkansas statute and regulations:

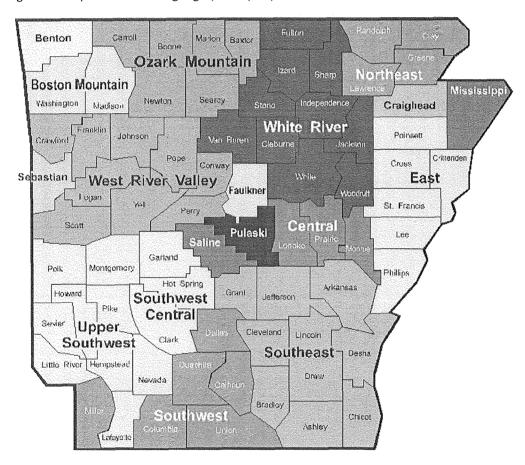
- Two dollars per ton of solid waste related to the movement or disposal of solid waste within the district (Ark. Code Ann. §8-6-714).
- Reasonable licensing fees for each class of solid waste hauler (Ark. Code Ann. §8-6-721).

- Ten percent of annual waste tire management grants for waste tire program administration.
- Reasonable host fees for the siting of landfill within district boundaries.
- · Landfill tipping fees.
- Up to 25 percent of annual recycling grants allocations for administration of RSWM plan, with a maximum of \$500,000 total for all districts.
- District imposed fees on waste tires.
- Service fees (Ark. Code Ann. §8-6-714(d)).

B. Demographics

1. Planning Area

Arkansas has an area of 53,182 square miles (34,036,717 acres) and 75 counties. For information about the counties, contact the county courthouses or visit the website www.arcounties.org/counties. The state solid waste management responsibilities are geographically depicted below.



2. Population

Among the 50 states, Arkansas's population ranks 32nd and is projected to increase 8 percent by 2020. Planning by the RSWMD boards for solid waste diversion, collection, reduction and disposal requires careful consideration of population growth and areas of population concentration to ensure that adequate services can be developed. The diagram below reflects the historic, trending and projected population data for each district.

Geography	2000	2010	Change	Projected 2020
Benton County	153,406	221,339	44.3%	298,572
Boston Mountain	171,958	218,782	19.6%	260,274
Madison County	14,243	15,717	10.3%	17,148
Washington County	157,715	203,065	28.8%	243,126
Central Arkansas	72,621	85,220	0.1%	890,026
Lonoke County	52,828	68,356	29.4%	876,446
Prairie County	9,539	8,715	-8.6%	6,969
Monroe County	10,254	8,149	-20.5%	6,611
Craighead County	82,148	96,443	17.4%	105,240
East Arkansas	164,360	153,794	-8.5%	145,128
Crittenden County	50,866	50,902	0.1%	51,488
Cross County	19,526	17,870	-8.5%	18,303
Lee County	12,580	10,424	-17.1%	8,283
Phillips County	26,445	21,757	-17.7%	18,261
Poinsett County	25,614	24,583	-4.0%	24,657
St. Francis County	29,329	28,258	-3.7%	24,136
Faulkner County	86,014	113,237	31.6%	135,133
Mississippi County	51,979	46,48 0	-10.6%	41,720
Northeast Arkansas	90,909	93,557	0.2%	97,742
Clay County	17,609	16,083	-8.7%	14,346
Greene County	37,331	42,090	12.7%	46,495
Lawrence County	17,774	17,415	-2.0%	17,417
Randolph County	18,195	17,969	-1.2%	19,484
Ozark Mountain	130,700	139,040	4.0%	156,074
Baxter County	38,386	41,513	8.1%	50,719
Boone County	33,948	36,903	8.7%	42,456
Carroll County	25,357	27, 4 46	8.2%	28,532
Searcy County	8,261	8,195	-0.8%	8,079
Marion County	16,140	16,653	3.2%	17,804
Pulaski County	361,474	382,748	5.9%	381,080
Saline County	83,529	107,118	28.2%	113,896
Sebastian County	115,071	125,744	9.3%	128,954
Southeast Arkansas	229,544	213,808	-6.9%	217,530

Arkansas County	20,749	19,019	-8.3%	19,028
Ashley County	24,209	21,853	-9.7%	22,109
Bradley County	12,600	11,508	-8.7%	11,335
Chicot County	14,117	11,800	-16.4%	10,301
Cleveland County	8,571	8,689	1.4%	10,061
Desha County	15,341	13,008	-15.2%	13,207
Drew County	18,723	18,509	-1.1%	18,524
Grant County	16,464	17,853	8.4%	20,786
Jefferson County	84,278	77,435	-8.1%	77,811
Lincoln County	14,492	14,134	-2.5%	14,368
Southwest Arkansas	155,549	149,257	-4%	149,394
Calhoun County	5,744	5,368	-6.5%	5,208
Columbia County	25,603	24,552	-4.1%	23,479
Dallas County	9,210	8,116	-11.9%	7,334
Miller County	40,443	43,462	7.5%	48,542
Ouachita County	28,790	26,120	-9.3%	22,821
Union County	45,629	41,639	-8.7%	42,010
Southwest Central	141,967	151,942	5%	161,996
Clark County	23,546	22,995	-2.3%	23,105
Garland County	88,068	96,024	9.0%	107,895
Hot Spring County	30,353	32,923	8.5%	30,996
Upper-Southwest	110,806	107,651	-3.3%	107,736
Hempstead County	23,587	22,609	-4.1%	23,469
Howard County	14,300	13,789	-3.6%	15,057
Lafayette County	8,559	7,645	-10.7%	6,790
Little River County	13,628	13,171	-3.4%	13,260
Montgomery County	9,245	9,487	2.6%	10,023
Nevada County	9,955	8,997	-9.6%	9,045
Pike County	11,303	11,291	-0.1%	10,973
Polk County	20,229	20,662	2.1%	19,119
Sevier County	15,757	17,058	8.3%	19,194
Newton County	8,608	8,330	-3.2%	8,484
West River Valley	233,434	254,856	6.4%	269,855
Crawford County	53,247	61,948	16.3%	69,627
Conway County Franklin County	20,336	21,273	4.6%	20,58 9
r rankiiri County	17,771	18,125	2.0%	19,404

Arkansas State	2,678,501	2,897,23 6	8%	3,139,334
·				
Woodruff County	8,741	7,260	-16.9%	6,200
White County	67,165	77,076	14.8%	82, 6 88
Van Buren County	16,192	17,295	6.8%	18,577
Stone County	11,499	12,394	7 .8%	12,924
Sharp County	17,119	17,264	0.8%	18,473
Jackson County	18,418	17,997	-2.3%	14,771
Izard County	13,249	13,696	3.4%	14,034
Independence County	34,233	36,647	7.1%	37,424
Fulton County	11,642	12,245	5.2%	13,890
Cleburne County	24,046	25,970	8.0%	29,653
White River PDD	222,304	237,844	3.5%	248,635
. u. vouy				21,101
Yell County	21,139	22,185	4.9%	21,161
Scott County	10,996	11,233	2,2%	11,698
Pope County	54,469	61,754	13.4%	63,604
Perry County	10,209	10,445	2.3%	11,097
Logan County	22,486	22,353	-0.6%	24,871
Johnson County	22,781	25,540	12.1%	27,804

Population Change by PDD- Retrieved 2013 http://aiea.ualr.edu/population-estimates-a-projections.html

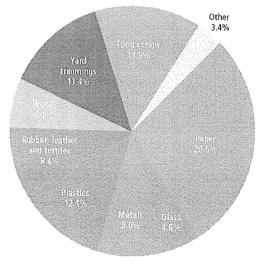
C. Waste Origin and Composition

Understanding the origin and composition of waste is a significant step in planning for the future of solid waste management. According to EPA data, more than 70 percent of waste disposed in landfills is recyclable material. Providing waste diversion opportunities and education to both the public and industry across the state will encourage waste diversion from landfills. In order to understand the planning needs of the state, one must evaluate the three waste generation sectors: residential, commercial, and industrial.

The per capita generation rate provided by the EPA indicates that household and commercial waste (municipal waste or MSW) is produced at a rate of 4.43 pounds per person per day. All RSWMDs were asked to identify the composition and quantity of waste generated within their respective districts. The majority of districts submitted statistics based on the EPA per capita generation rate versus actual waste collected and disposed of within their boundaries.

Municipal solid waste consists of everyday items such as product packaging, food scraps, clothing, newspapers, bottles, metals, batteries, etc. These materials are generated from our homes, schools, hospitals, and businesses. Using estimates based on EPA analysis, MSW generated in Arkansas would be distributed by the following tonnages across the same components.

Figure 5. Total MSW Generation (by material), 2010 250 Million Tons (before recycling)



http://www.epa.gov/osw/nonhaz/municipal/pubs/msw_2010_rev_factsheet.pdf

2010 Total MSW Waste Stream Arkansas Waste (tons) landfilled after recycling

3,408,790

<u>Waste Type</u>	<u>Waste Strea</u>
Paper and Paperboard Food Scraps	971,505.15 473,821.81
Yard Trimmings	456,777.86
Plastics	422,689.96
Metals	306,791.10
Rubber and Textiles	286,338.36
Wood	218,162,56
Glass	156,804.34

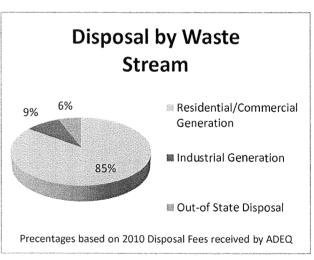
Waste stream totals based on 2010 EPA facts and figures percentages

1. Residential and Commercial Waste Generation

For planning to be effective, the long-term (10-year) growth in solid waste also needs to be determined. Total waste volumes or tonnage going to solid waste disposal facilities within Arkansas, as well as Arkansas generated waste that is transported out-of-state for ultimate disposal, is summarized in this section.

2. Industrial Waste Generation

Reported industrial waste generation is comparably a small part of the waste stream but an equally important factor in planning solid waste management for the state. ADEQ included survey templates as part of the district needs assessment guidelines to each RSWMD. Industrial survey results did not provide insight into waste composition because of limited response. It is important for state and district stakeholders to collaborate in efforts to inform industrial leaders that their evaluations of current operations are necessary for RSWMDs to address the needs of industries in future planning. At the time of publication there are 28 permitted Class 3 noncommercial industrial landfills, with 21 accepting waste.



D. Waste Collection, Recycling and Disposal

The state infrastructure can be understood through the aggregation of the collection, recycling and disposal systems in each district. The availability and effectiveness of solid waste services and associated costs differ from one RSWMD to another. The specific services available in each district can be found in its needs assessment on the ADEQ website:

http://www.adeq.state.ar.us/solwaste/branch programs/statewide sw management plan.htm.

1. Existing Solid Waste Facilities

All municipal solid waste landfills must meet the requirements established under Subtitle D of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA), Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 258 (40 CFR 258). The State of Arkansas has 32 open permitted Class 1 landfill facilities and 36 Class 4 landfills (landfills can be designated as an active open permitted facility, but may not be accepting waste). In some locations, joint permits are held for Class 1 and 4 facilities at the same location. Two out of the 18 RSWMDs have neither a Class 1 nor Class 4 facility located within their boundaries.

All permitted facilities are subject to APC&E Regulation 22 as well as other environmental regulations implemented by ADEQ's Solid Waste Management Division

Class	Total	Classification
Class 1 Municipal Solid Waste Landfill	32	Class 1 landfills are subject to the requirements established under Subtitle D of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA), Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 258 (40 CFR 258). Subtitle D has been adopted by the State and regulates all municipal solid waste landfill (MSWLF) units that accept household wastes for disposal. Class 1 landfills can accept household wastes, commercial wastes and approved industrial wastes.
Class 3C Commercial Solid Waste Landfill	3	Class 3C landfills can accept commercial wastes and approved industrial wastes. Class 3 and 4 landfills are subject to the criteria contained in 40 CFR 257, which the state has also adopted, and APC&EC Regulation Number 22.
Class 3N Noncommercial Industrial Landfill	23	Class 3N landfills can accept approved industrial wastes. These landfills are for disposal of waste generated solely by the permittee at that industry location. Only Class 3N landfills are exempt from obtaining a Certificate of Need. Class 3N landfills are subject to the criteria contained in 40 CFR 257, which the State has also adopted, and APC&EC Regulation Number 22.
Class 3T Tire Monofill	2	Class 3T landfills can accept only tires for disposal and are subject to the criteria contained in 40 CFR 257, which the State has also adopted, and APC&EC Regulation Number 22.
Class 4 C&D Landfill	36	Class 4 landfills can accept inert, non-putrescible wastes, such as construction and demolition wastes, appliances and furniture, and other bulky, inert wastes. Class 4 landfills are subject to the criteria contained in 40 CFR 257, which the State has also adopted, and APC&EC Regulation Number 22.
Class CO Compost Organic Waste	4	Class CO facilities may accept any source separated organic wastes, such as paper, sewage sludge, food processing wastes, and other specific organic wastes, including Class CY wastes.
Class CS Compost Mixed Solid Waste	0	Class CS facilities may receive all types of suitable solid waste for composting, including household garbage, commercial wastes, suitable industrial wastes, and all type Class CO and Class CY wastes.
Class CY Compost Yard Waste	15	Class CY facilities may accept only yard wastes and other woody wastes. Class CY facilities qualify for coverage under a general permit in which permit coverage is granted within 30 days of receiving a complete application. At ADEQ discretion, an applicant may be required to obtain a full individual permit.
Class TP Tire Processing Facility	11	These facilities process waste tires for recycling uses or for disposal. An individual permit is required, but there is no preliminary application requirement.
Class TS Solid Waste Transfer Station	86	Transfer stations are facilities that receive solid waste from collection vehicles and the public for consolidation to larger vehicles for long distance transport. Transfer stations are normally covered under a general permit. At ADEQ's discretion, an applicant may be required to obtain a full individual permit.

Class WT Waste Tire Collection Centers	10	These centers may store outdoors no more than 3,000 loose waste tires or up to a maximum of 10,000 tires that have been compacted or baled at any one time.
Class WR Solid Waste Transfer Station	6	Also referred to as material recovery facilities, solid waste is sorted and recyclable materials recovered from the waste stream. Most facilities can be covered under a general permit.
PERMITTED FACILITIES	210	(Current at publication) Technical Branch, Solid Waste Management Division, Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality. (Not all facilities with an open permit accept waste)

Solid waste legislation and regulation in Arkansas have been a work in progress. Historically, landfills have been the primary source of solid waste management, but the cost to maintain, expand and/or close facilities supports consideration of alternate disposal options. More than 700 licensed facility operators work and manage the permitted landfills and transfer stations across the state. Landfills, transfer stations, material recovery/recycling facilities and composting are all utilized in the management of solid waste.

2. Material Recovery/Recycling Facilities

There are 87 material recovery facilities across the state. Currently more than 25 cities offer curbside recycling and numerous drop-off locations for collection of recyclable waste. Arkansans recycled 32 percent of the total waste stream of 5,009,804 tons in 2010. Numbers were voluntarily reported by businesses, nonprofits and municipal recycling programs. The electronic waste collected from the state's 127 collection sites totaled 7,265 tons.

Ark. Code Ann. §8-6-719 provides that "each regional solid waste management board shall establish a program for the composting of yard waste." Currently there are only 15 permitted composting facilities accepting material across the state. These composting facilities are located in only 11 RSWMDs, leaving 7 RSWMDs without any composting opportunities for their citizens. There are several non-permitted Class CY facilities that provide yard waste management opportunities for the citizens.

Educating the population in backyard composting and increasing composting availability are both needs of the state.

PART TWO

Recommendations for the Statewide Solid Waste Management Plan and Minimum Guidelines for the 2014-2024 Regional Solid Waste Plans

The planning subcommittees, consisting of stakeholders assembled for the statewide solid waste planning committee, were tasked to provide their top recommendations for the future of solid waste management for Arkansas to be included in the 2014-2024 statewide plan. The subcommittees were broken up into the following categories:

- A. Needs Assessment
- B. Collection
- C. Disposal
- D. Recycling
- E. Special Materials
- F. Education and Public Participation

The full committee acknowledged that recommendations implemented at the local and regional level are the responsibility of the regional solid waste management district boards. The remaining recommendations needing statewide mechanisms will be implemented by ADEQ. These are the goals and mandates each RSWMD will incorporate into a regional solid waste plan for this 10-year planning period.

The action items that follow include information on:

- 1. The entity responsible for implementation.
- 2. Whether the recommendation is a goal or a mandate.
- 3. Whether statutory or regulatory changes will be needed to implement the recommendation and whether additional funding is needed to implement mandates.
- 4. How the implementation will be measured.

A. Needs Assessment

Action Item #1 - Change the statutes and/or regulations to reflect a change in the purpose of the needs assessment and solid waste management plan (from tracking waste across RSWMD jurisdictional boundaries and providing for disposal capacity) to meeting the goal of waste diversion.

- 1. ADEQ will draft legislation to achieve this action item.
- 2. This action is mandated for ADEQ.
- 3. Statutory changes during the 2015 legislative session will be required. No additional funding required.
- 4. This action item will be completed after legislative changes are in place and incorporated into a needs assessment template developed by ADEQ and provided to all RSWMBs for their use in developing their 10-year plans.

Action Item #2 - Change the time frames so that each district updates its needs assessment and solid waste management plan every five years. For proper sequencing, the first needs assessment would be due in year four, and the solid waste management plan update due the next year. This would clarify due dates, which are currently confusing and sometimes contradictory.

- 1. ADEQ will draft legislation to achieve this action item.
- 2. This action is mandated for ADEQ.

- 3. Statutory changes during the 2015 legislative session will be required. No additional funding will be required.
- 4. This action item will be completed after legislative changes are in place and ADEQ develops and provides a management plan template for use by the RSWMBs in the development of their 10-year plans.

Action Item #3 - Require that each district provide only an annual report updating the district's progress toward goals in its own 10-year plan. This would be a short, simple report.

- 1. ADEQ will draft legislation to modify existing planning requirements to achieve this action item.
- 2. This action is mandated for ADEQ.
- 3. Statutory changes during the 2015 legislative session will be required. No additional funding will be required.
- 4. Action item will be completed after legislative changes are in place and ADEQ develops and provides an annual report template to the RSWMBs for their use.

B. Collection

Action Item #1 - Weekly curbside/roadside and/or drop-off collection services should be made available for all household solid waste for residential dwellings within the state by city, county or private collection.

- 1. The district boards will be responsible for this action item by developing goals for their solid waste plans.
- 2. This is a goal for the district boards.
- 3. Legislation or regulations will not be required. No additional funding will be required.
- 4. Goal will be measured by each district board polling the counties and cities within their district to identify the services being provided and including those results in their annual report.

Action Item #2 - A minimum of semi-monthly yard waste collection services should be provided for all residential dwellings within the state. Collected wastes must be managed at Class CY compost facility or an alternative approved pursuant to Ark. Code Ann. §8-6-220(b). Each district should include the schedule of implementation within its solid waste plan, beginning with the larger cities.

- 1. The district boards will be responsible for this action item by developing goals for their solid waste plans. ADEQ will organize a special committee to develop acceptable alternatives to composting.
- 2. This is a goal for ADEQ and the district boards.
- 3. No additional funding will be required.
- 4. Goal will be measured by each district board polling the counties and cities within their district to identify the services being provided and including those results in their annual report. ADEQ will measure this goal by developing and authorizing composting alternatives.

Action Item #3 - Collection services or a suitable alternative (transfer stations or community based drop-off locations) for bulky items should be made available for all residential dwellings within the state. Implementation of the program should be included in each district's plan and be based upon population.

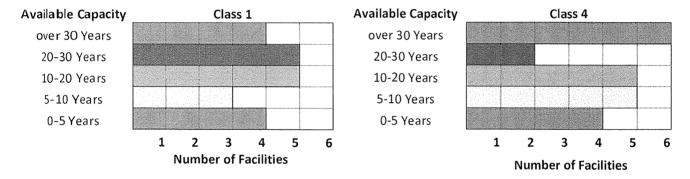
- 1. The district boards will be responsible for this action item by developing goals for their solid waste plans.
- 2. This is a goal for the district boards.
- 3. Legislation or regulations will not be required. No additional funding will be required.
- 4. This goal will be measured by each district board polling the counties and cities within their district to identify the services being provided and including those results in their annual report.

C. Disposal

Action Item #1 — Evaluate the disposal capacity of permitted landfills. Establish a seven-year minimum of disposal capacity for each district. If a district has no existing Class 1 landfill or has a facility with less than seven years' capacity, it could partner with an adjoining district or neighboring state to offer low cost disposal for their residents.

- 1. The district boards will develop goals for planning and securing disposal capacity to achieve this action item.
- 2. This is a goal for the district boards.
- 3. Legislation or regulations will not be required. No additional funding will be required.
- 4. This goal will be measured by each district board reporting at least seven years of permitted disposal capacity available to residents in their annual report.

The two diagrams below represent the number of Class 1 and 4 facilities accepting waste with the number of permitted years remaining for waste disposal based on 2012 Annual Engineering Reports submitted in 2013.



Addendum 1 delineates the locations within each RSWMD of all Class 1, Class 3C, Class 3T, Class 4, and transfer stations currently permitted and accepting waste.

Action Item #2 - Evaluate the waste stream in the geographical area of each district through an annual waste audit. Develop a business plan for the diversion and recycling of waste based on the audit results.

- 1. The district boards will be responsible for this action item by developing goals for their solid waste plans.
- 2. This is a goal for the district boards.
- 3. Legislation or regulations will not be required. No additional funding will be required.
- 4. This goal will be measured by each district board reporting waste audits results and waste diversion program decisions and goals in their annual report.

Waste Disposal Reported in Tons per Calendar Year (After Recycling) (Data retrieved from Disposal Fee Quarterly Reports)						
2006 2007 2008 2009 2010						
Class 1 & 4 Landfills	2,782,681	2,941,815	3,407,238	3,191,708	2,991,093	
3C and 3N Landfills 118,023 109,504 101,295 103,579 202,459						
Out-of-State Disposal 157,070 208,520 115,391 113,567 215,238						
Totals	3,057,774	3,259,839	3,686,923	3,408,854	3,408,790	

A recent database conversion may have resulted in a slight variance in tonnage reported from previous publications.

The volume amounts are taken from quarterly reports that are received by ADEQ from Arkansas solid waste landfills and from waste transporters that transport Arkansas generated waste out of state for disposal, pursuant to Ark. Code Ann. §8-6-607 and §8-6-1004.

Action Item #3 - Expedite the permitting process through the addition of personnel and other resources at ADEQ.

- 1. ADEQ will accomplish this goal by evaluating the current permitting process. As streamlining opportunities are identified, ADEQ will revise its guidance for the permit review process and develop additional guidance for permit application development.
- 2. This is an ADEQ goal.
- 3. No statutory changes will be needed. Regulatory changes may result after evaluation of the permitting process is performed. No additional funding will be needed.
- 4. The current average permitting timeframe prior to this streamlining evaluation will be the baseline for measurement.

Action Item #4 - Require districts to establish a household hazardous waste program (either permanent sites or collection events) within their boundaries.

- 1. The district boards will develop goals on establishing HHW programs and collection opportunities for their solid waste plans.
- 2. This action item is mandated for districts that access the \$2 fee under the authority of Ark. Code Ann. § 8-6-and is a goal for districts that do not access this fee.
- 3. Legislation or regulations will be required. No additional funding will be required.
- 4. The mandate/goal will be measured in two ways: (1) If the boards are the program implementers, they will include progress information in their annual reports; (2) in districts where cities and counties have implemented HHW programs and collection events independently, the district board will poll the cities and counties to compile information that shows the entire district's progress in their annual report.

Action Item #5 - Phase in bans of certain materials from landfills, including HHW, e-waste, clean cardboard, etc., and require manufacturer responsibility programs for recycling or reusing those materials.

- 1. ADEQ will draft legislation to ban wastes from landfilling based on recycling market or reuse option availability and stakeholder input support.
- 2. This action is mandated for ADEQ.
- 3. Legislative action would be required on landfill bans for any waste types except for electronic waste, which is authorized to be banned through regulatory changes. Additional funding could be required to ensure that waste materials proposed to be banned are managed in a sustainable manner.
- 4. Mandate will be tracked and achieved by monitoring ADEQ legislative proposals that result in materials being banned from landfills. The number of items will be tracked by ADEQ.

D. Recycling

The funds received by each district from 2002 thru 2012 from recycling grants are listed below. Funding formulas for recycling grant distribution were detailed in Ark. Code Ann §8-6-609, but that code was repealed on April 18, 2013. The recycling grant program has now been changed to a disbursement as described in Ark. Code Ann §8-6-615, removing the percentage and cap restrictions for administrative funding. The tire and e-waste grant programs remain unchanged.

RSWMD Recyc	e Grant Funding	RSWMD Recycl	e Grant Funding	
	<u>2002-2010</u>		<u>2002-2010</u>	
Benton County	\$1,551,165.00	Pulaski County	\$6,374,816.81	
Boston Mountain	\$1,686,593.00	Saline County	\$1,405,494.49	
Central Arkansas	\$2,056,707.02	Sebastian County	\$3,055,619.26	
Craighe ad County	\$1,689,059.96	Southeast	\$6,257,459.27	
East	\$3,418,088.24	Southwest	\$4,085,710.59	
Faulkner County	\$596,853.15	Southwest Central	\$3,347,787.00	
Mississippi County	\$610,335.00	Upper- Southwest	\$3,275,162.55	
Northeast	\$1,852,281.90	West River Valley	\$4,925,483.00	
Ozark Mountain	\$2,328,031.31	White River	\$5,968,107.26	

Action Item #1 - All municipal waste recycling programs (see Addendum 2 for list of programs) should evaluate the economic viability of accepting the following items: paper products including news print, cardboard, white office paper, mixed paper, magazines, junk mail catalogs, phone books, boxboard and chipboard; metals, both steel and aluminum cans; plastic - #1PET, #2 HDPE and others where possible; clear and colored glass (no window glass, glass ceramics, light bulbs or ovenware); and white goods (large residential appliances).

- 1. The district boards will be responsible for this action item by developing goals to expand their recycling programs as waste audits and economic analyses support.
- 2. This is a goal for the district boards.
- 3. Legislation or regulations will not be required. No additional funding will be required. Allocation of recycling funding distributions will be managed by the districts.
- 4. This goal will be measured by the district boards' annual reports, which will include the locations of all recycling programs, including county and city programs. Annual reports will also include available services and items accepted.

r den een zoer een de een een de de zoer een de	2010 Arkansas Population	2,897,236	
	Reported waste disposal (tons)	3,408,790	e grande e er tilg til dela fille
Waste Type			Waste Stream
Paper and Paperboard	theory	211,989	4.2%
Food Scraps		N/A	N/A
Yard Trimmings	is a constant of the constant	105,424	2.1%
Plastics		68,316	1.3%
Metals		1,079,011	21.5%
Rubber and Textiles		13,276	.26%
Wood	no di diamentene	60,104	1.1%
Glass		18,406	.36%
Other	participation of the state of t	44,488	.88%
Total Amount Recycled Total Waste Stream Arkansas Recycle Rate	1,601,014 5,009,804 31.7%		

^{*}Recycle amounts include only self-reported Industrial, Commercial and mandatory RSWMD reporting

Action Item #2 - All incorporated cities with a population of 5,000 or more offer residential curbside recycling. Communities of this size must work with the districts to make available convenient opportunities for commercial and multi-family recycling. A minimum of semi-monthly collection services or a suitable alternative system (e.g. transfer stations) for recyclable material collection should be made available for all residential dwellings within the state. Cities should be required to implement a curbside recycling program, beginning with the most populated cities and eventually including cities of all sizes. The implementation schedule should become part of each district's plan.

- 1. The district boards will be responsible for this action item by developing goals to establish **c**urbside recycling in all communities with a population of 5,000 or more.
- 2. This is a goal for the district boards.
- 3. Legislation or regulations will not be required. No additional funding will be required.
- 4. This goal will be measured by the district boards' progress with their implementation schedule. As outlined below and in Addendum 2, Arkansas is well on its way towards meeting this goal.

Existing Curbside Recycling Programs in Cities with Populations Greater Than 5,000

Benton County RSWMD		Northeast Arkansas		Southwest Arkansas	
Bella Vista	Yes	Paragould	No	Camden	No
Bentonville	Yes	Pocahontas	No	El Dorado	No
Centerton	Yes	Ozark Mountain RSWM	1D	Magnolia	Yes
Lowell	Yes	Berryville	Yes	Texarkana	No
Rogers	Yes	Harrison	Yes	Southwest Central	
Siloam Springs	Yes	Mountain Home	Yes	Arkadelphia	Yes
Boston Mountain RSWM	D	Pulaski County RSWMI)	Hot Springs	Yes
Farmington	Yes	Jacksonville	Yes	Malvern	No
Fayetteville	Yes	Little Rock	Yes	Upper Southwest RSW	MD
Springdale	Yes	Maumelle	Yes	DeQueen	No
Central Arkansas RSWMI	D	North Little Rock	Yes	Норе	No
Cabot	Yes	Sherwood	Yes	Mena	No
Craighead County RSWIV	ID .	Saline County RSWMD		West River Valley RSW	MD
Jonesboro	Yes	Benton	No	Alma	No
East Arkansas RSWMD		Bryant	No	Clarksville	No
Forrest City	No	Sebastian County RSW	MD	Morrilton	Yes
Helena-West Helena	No	Fort Smith	Yes	Russellville	Yes
Marion	No	Greenwood	Yes	Van Buren	Yes
Trumann	No	Southeast Arkansas		White River RSWMD	
West Memphis	No	Crossett	No	Batesville	Yes
Wynne	Yes	Monticello	Yes	Beebe	Yes
Faulkner County RSWMD)	Pine Bluff	No	Heber Springs	Yes
Conway	Yes	Stuttgart	No	Newport	No
Mississippi County	-0.5	Warren	No	Searcy	Yes
Blytheville	Yes	White Hall	No		
Osceola	No				

Action Item #3 - Districts will encourage the development and implementation of public venue/special event recycling programs. Districts will offer guidance for best management practices, education assistance and information, along with collection and marketing strategies for public venue facilities and special events. Districts will discourage use of non-recyclable items like Styrofoam cups.

- 1. District Boards will be responsible for this action item by developing goals for their solid waste plans.
- 2. This is a goal for the district boards.
- 3. Legislation or regulations will not be required. No additional funding will be required.
- 4. This goal will be measured by the district boards reporting the special event recycling programs in their annual report.

E. Special Recoverable Materials

Special Waste Definition: (APC&EC Reg. 22.102) - any materials that require special handling precautions and disposal procedures for the landfill owner or operator beyond the normal activities associated with landfill operations.

Action Item #1 - Establish a series of workshops and/or committees to explore the alternative uses of special recoverable materials in other states. This recommendation should be implemented in early 2014.

- 1. ADEQ will accomplish this goal by establishing committees to review how other states permit and/or allow alternative uses of special recoverable materials.
- 2. This is a goal established for ADEQ.
- 3. Legislation or regulations will not be required. No additional funding will be required.
- 4. This goal will be measured by ADEQ tracking the output of workshops and committees developed for alternate uses for special waste.

Action Item #2 - Develop an ongoing directory of special recoverable materials that, if diverted from landfills, would conserve resources and provide an additional market of reusable materials. The use of these materials should follow American Societies and Testing Materials (ASTM) standards or other industry criteria.

- 1. ADEQ will accomplish this goal by developing and maintaining a directory of special recoverable materials that follow ASTM standards and other industry criteria.
- 2. This is a goal established for ADEQ.
- 3. Legislation or regulations will not be required. No additional funding will be required.
- 4. This goal will be monitored by ADEQ establishing a directory for diversion and alternate use options for special recoverable materials using insight from stakeholders and researching other states efforts.

Action Item #3 - Encourage and incentivize the use of thermal recovery from municipal, commercial and industrial sources.

- 1. ADEQ will accomplish this goal by establishing a benchmark of the industries that currently use thermal recovery and by researching methods of incentivizing the use of thermal recovery.
- 2. This is a goal established for ADEQ.
- 3. Legislation or regulations will not be required. No additional funding will be required.
- 4. This goal will be measured by ADEQ building a directory of organizations that utilize thermal recovery. ADEQ will clarify the applicability of the Recycling Tax Credit Program to thermal recovery projects.

Action Item #4 - Encourage ADEQ and districts to exercise due diligence in the selection, use and operation of recycling and disposal facilities.

- 1. ADEQ will accomplish this goal by reviewing their procurement processes and selection of vendors and will continue to maintain the Department website with current information on inspections and enforcement actions for permitted facilities. The district boards will accomplish this goal by developing goals for their solid waste plans that include criteria for due diligence in their procurement processes.
- 2. This is a goal established for ADEQ and district boards.
- 3. Legislation or regulations will not be required. No additional funding will be required.
- 4. This goal will be measured by ADEQ developing a checklist for evaluating the compliance status of potential vendors for use by ADEQ and district boards in their respective procurement processes. ADEQ will continue to update their website with all inspections and enforcement actions.

Action Item #5 - Develop an illegal dump program that provides additional resources to identify and remediate illegal dumps, while providing education and enforcement to prevent future dumping.

- 1. ADEQ will develop proposals to fund illegal dump remediation. The district boards will be responsible for this action by establishing goals for developing district illegal dump programs.
- 2. This is a goal established for ADEQ and district boards.
- 3. Legislation will be required to establish a funding source and fund allocation system for this program.
- 4. This goal will be completed after legislative changes are in place and district boards begin reporting the identification and cleanup of illegal dumps in their districts and their educational programs to prevent illegal dumping in their annual reports. The current number of illegal dumps reported to and confirmed by ADEQ will be compared to the inventory in upcoming years.

F. Education and Public Participation

Action Item #1 - Implement a statewide media campaign addressing various avenues of solid waste management, including proper disposal, handling special waste streams (paint, sharps, HHW), waste reduction and recycling. The campaign should also address improper/illegal disposal (e.g., burn barrels, burning household wastes, etc.). Pick-up Arkansas should be considered as a model. Develop a media and/or education campaign that recognizes and explains the current and future costs of (1) transporting, diverting, recycling and disposing of solid waste, (2) operating a properly run disposal facility, (3) maintaining closed landfills, and (4) emerging technologies. The campaign should also emphasize the economic impact a properly operated disposal program will have on local and state economic development.

- 1. ADEQ will develop an annual campaign that focuses on different waste issues each year, as well as the cost of solid waste management.
- 2. This is a goal established for ADEQ.
- 3. Legislation or regulations will not be required. No additional funding will be required.
- 4. This goal will be monitored by tracking the different media outlets used by ADEQ to educate and disseminate information addressing solid waste matters.

<u>Action Item #2</u> - Every regional solid waste management district should have an updated, accurate website (or webpages on a partner's website) that provides citizens easy-to-use access to information about recycling, composting, waste reduction and waste management services in their communities.

Information should include which materials are accepted, days and hours of operation, physical location, how materials are collected/accepted and contact information for further questions. The districts are to ensure that city and county recycling/diversion programs are financially sustainable and are using best management practices.

- 1. The district boards will each develop and maintain a website or webpage for their citizens. They will ensure the website is accurate and maintained with current solid waste information.
- 2. This is a mandate established for district boards.
- 3. New legislation and/or regulations, as well as additional funding, may be required.
- 4. This mandate will be measured by each district having an operational, updated web presence. This mandate may be accomplished by combining resources with counties or cities within the district.

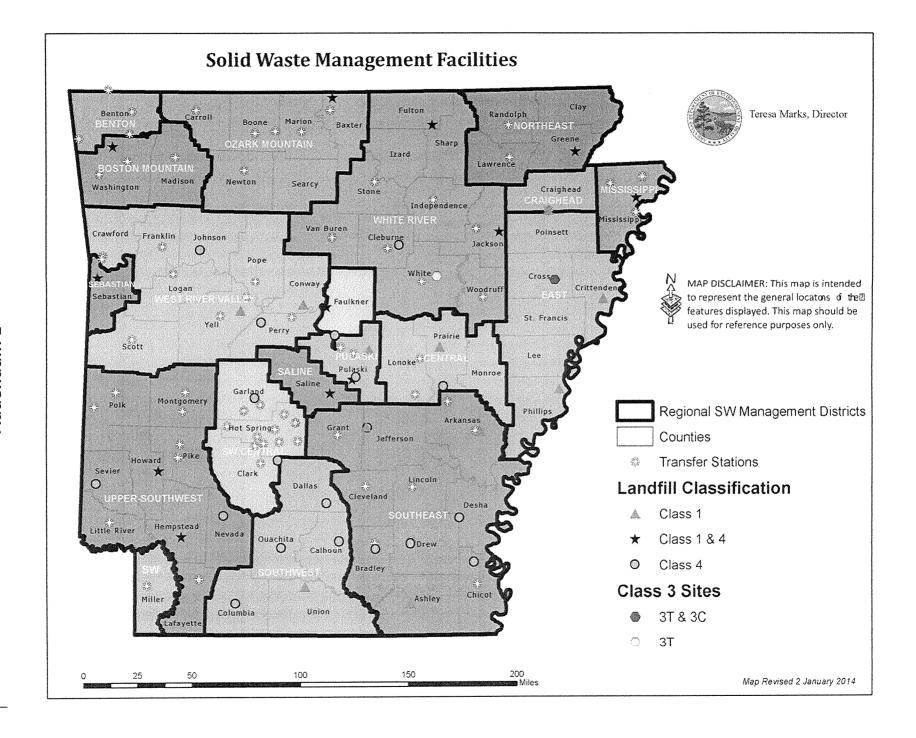
Action Item #3 - Districts should develop partnerships within communities to improve information dissemination. Solid waste districts and individual waste management entities (cities, counties, designated

recycling collection centers, etc.) should use social media to increase awareness of waste management methods and opportunities.

- 1. District boards will be responsible for this action item by developing goals for their solid waste plans.
- 2. This is a goal established for district boards.
- 3. Legislation or regulations will not be required. No additional funding will be required.
- 4. This goal will be monitored by district boards providing information regarding partnership efforts and examples of social media utilization in their annual reports.

PART 3 Implementation Schedule

Statewide Solid Waste Management Plan ADEQ will develop template for district board plans. June 2014 ADEQ will draft legislation to ban materials from landfills based on recycling markets and stakeholder feedback. ADEQ will establish workshops and/or committees to explore the alternative uses of special recoverable materials in other states. ADEQ will develop a directory of special recoverable materials in other states. ADEQ will organize a committee to develop acceptable alternatives to composting. ADEQ will organize a committee to develop acceptable alternatives to composting. ADEQ will evaluate the permit review process and develop guidance for permit application development. ADEQ will build a directory of organizations that utilize thermal recovery. ADEQ will clarify the applicability of the Recycling Tax Credit Program to thermal recovery projects. ADEQ will develop a checklist for evaluating the compliance status of potential vendors for use by ADEQ and RSWMDs in their procurement processes. ADEQ will develop a statewide media campaign addressing solid waste issues. ADEQ will develop proposals to fund illegal dump remediation. District boards will submit solid waste plans. One year after effective date of Statewide Solid Waste Management Plan ADEQ will propose legislation to revise §8-6-716 (regional needs assessment). RSWMDs submit second needs assessment. ADEQ will begin planning process for 2024 Statewide Solid Waste Management Plan.	Action Items	Schedule
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	Waste Management Plan.	-



District	County	City	Curbside	Drop-off	Drop-off Provider
Benton County	Benton	Avoca	Yes	No	
Benton County	Benton	Bella Vista	Yes	Yes	AARP
Benton County	Benton	Bentonville	Yes	Yes	Compost Facility
Benton County	Benton	Bethel Heights	Yes	No	
Benton County	Benton	Cave Springs	Yes	Yes	District
Benton County	Benton	Centerton	Yes	Yes	District
Benton County	Benton	Decatur	No	Yes	District
Benton County	Benton	Garfield	Yes	No	
Benton County	Benton	Gentry	No	Yes	District
Benton County	Benton	Gravette	No	Yes	District
Benton County	Benton	Highfill	No	Yes	City
Benton County	Benton	Little Flock	Yes	No	City
Benton County	Benton	Lowell	Yes	No	
Benton County	Benton	Pea Ridge	No	Yes	District
Benton County	Benton	Rogers	Yes	Yes	City
Benton County	Benton	Siloam Springs	Yes	Yes	City
Boston Mountain	Madison	Huntsville	No	Yes	County
Boston Mountain	Madison	St. Paul	Yes	Yes	County
Boston Mountain	Washington	Elkins	Yes	Yes	County
Boston Mountain	Washington	Elm Springs	Yes	Yes	District
Boston Mountain	Washington	Farmington	Yes	No	
Boston Mountain	Washington	Fayetteville	Yes	Yes	City
Boston Mountain	Washington	Greenland	No	Yes	District
Boston Mountain	Washington	Lincoln	No	Yes	County
Boston Mountain	Washington	Prairie Grove	Yes	Yes	District
Boston Mountain	Washington	Springdale	Yes	Yes	District
Boston Mountain	Washington	Washington County	No	Limited	County
Boston Mountain	Washington	West Fork	No	Yes	District
Boston Mountain	Washington	Winslow	No	Yes	District
Central Arkansas	Districtwide	68 drop-off bins/Cardboard only	No	Limited	District
Central Arkansas	Lonoke	Cabot	Yes	Yes	City
Central Arkansas	Lonoke	Lonoke	No	Yes	City
Central Arkansas	Monroe & Prairie	Hazen	No	Yes	City
Craighead County	Craighead	Bay	Yes	No	
Craighead County	Craighead	Bono	Yes	No	
Craighead County	Craighead	Brookland	Yes	Yes	Marek Recycling

District	County	City	Curbside	Drop-off	Drop-off Provider
Craighead County	Craighead	Caraway	Yes	No	
Craighead County	Craighead	Jonesboro	Yes	Yes	District & Abilities Unlimited
Craighead County	Craighead	Lake City	Yes	No	
Craighead County	Craighead	Monette	Yes	No	
East Arkansas		Jonesboro	No	Yes	District
East Arkansas	Crittenden	Crittenden County	No	Yes	County
East Arkansas	Crittenden	West Memphis	No	Yes	City
East Arkansas	Cross	Wynne	Yes	Yes	Cross-County Specia I Workshop
East Arkansas	Lee	Marianna	No	Yes	City
East Arkansas	Phillips	Helena-West Helena	No	Limited	City
East Arkansas	Poinsett	Harrisburg	No	Yes	City
East Arkansas	Poinsett	Marked Tree	No	Yes	City
East Arkansas	Poinsett	Trumann	No	Yes	City
East Arkansas	St. Francis	Forrest City	No	Yes	City
East Arkansas	St. Francis	Madison	No	Yes	NEARCO
East Arkansas	St. Francis	Palestine	No	Yes	City
East Arkansas	St. Francis	Wheatley	No	Yes	City
Faulkner County	Faulkner	Conway	Yes	Yes	City
Faulkner County	Faulkner	Damascus	Yes	Yes	District
Faulkner County	Faulkner	Greenbrier	Yes	Yes	District
Faulkner County	Faulkner	Guy/District	Yes	Yes	District
Faulkner County	Faulkner	Mayflower	Yes	Yes	District
Faulkner County	Faulkner	Mt. Vernon	Yes	Yes	District
Faulkner County	Faulkner	Vilonia	Yes	Yes	District
Faulkner County	Faulkner	Wooster	Yes	Yes	District
Faulkner County	Faulkner	Countywide Curbside (if home is within a 3-mile radius of 20 other homes)	Yes	No	
Mississippi County	Mississippi	Blytheville	Yes	Yes	Nuway
Mississippi County	Mississippi	Etowah	No	Yes	City
Missi ss ippi County	Mississippi	Gosnell	No	Yes	City
Mississippi County	Mississippi	Manila	No	Yes	City
Mississippi County	Mississippi	Osceola	No	Yes	City
NE Arkansas	Clay	Corning	No	Yes	District
Northeast Arkansas	Clay	Piggott	No	Yes	District
Northeast Arkansas	Clay	Rector	No	Yes	District
Northeast Arkansas	Greene	Marmaduke	No	Yes	District

District	County	City	Curbside	Drop-off	Drop-off Provider
Northeast Arkansas	Greene	Paragould	No	Yes	District
Northeast Arkansas	Lawrence	Hoxie	No	Yes	District
Northeast Arkansas	Lawrence	Walnut Ridge	No	Yes	District
Northeast Arkansas	Randolph	Pocahontas	No	Yes	District
Ozark Mountain	Baxter	Cotter	No	Yes	Baxter Day Service
Ozark Mountain	Baxter	Gassville	No	Yes	Baxter Day Service
Ozark Mountain	Baxter	Mountain Home	Yes	Yes	Baxter Day Service
Ozark Mountain	Boone	Harrison	Yes	Yes	Inland & Methvin
Ozark Mountain	Carroll	Berryville	Yes	Yes	Carroll County Solid Waste
Ozark Mountain	Carroll	Eureka Springs	Yes	Yes	Carroll County Solid Waste
Ozark Mountain	Carroll	Green Forest	Yes	Yes	Carroll County Solid Waste
Ozark Mountain	Marion	Bull Shoals	No	Yes	County
Ozark Mountain	Marion	Yellville	No	Yes	County
Ozark Mountain	Newton	Jasper	Yes*	Yes	County
Ozark Mountain	Searcy	Leslie	Yes	Yes	County
Ozark Mountain	Searcy	Marshall	No	Yes	County
Ozark Mountain	Searcy	St. Joe	Yes	Yes	County
Ozark Mountain	Searcy	Witt Springs	Yes	Yes	County
Pulaski County	Pulaski	Jacksonville	Yes	Yes	City
Pulaski County	Pulaski	Little Rock	Yes	Yes	City
Pulaski County	Pulaski	Maumelle	Yes	Yes	City
Pulaski County	Pulaski	North Little Rock	Yes	Yes	City
Pulaski County	Pulaski	Little Rock	No	Yes	City
Pulaski County	Pulaski	Sherwood	Yes	Yes	City
Saline County	Saline	Alexander	No	Yes	City
Saline County	Saline	Bauxite	No	Yes	City
Saline County	Saline	Benton	No	Yes	City
Saline County	Saline	Bryant	No	Yes	City
Saline County	Saline	East End	No	Yes	City
Saline County	Saline	Haskell	No	Yes	City
Saline C ou nty	Saline	Shannon Hills	No	Yes	City
SE Arkansas	Arkansas	DeWitt	No	Yes	City
Southeast Arkansas	Arkansas	Stuttgart	No	Yes	City
Southeast Arkansas	Ashley	Crossett	No	Yes	Ashley Co Skilled WC
Southeast Arkansas	Ashley	Hamburg	No	Yes	County
Southeast Arkansas	Bradley	Warren	No	Yes	County

District	County	City	Curbside	Drop-off	Drop-off Provider
Southeast Arkansas	Chicot	Lake Village	No	Yes	County
Southeast Arkansas	Cleveland	Rison/County	No	Yes	County
Southeast Arkansas	Desha	Arkansas City	No	Limited	County
Southeast Arkansas	Desha	Dumas/Dumas	No	Yes	Dumas/Desha Recycling Center
Southeast Arkansas	Drew	Monticello	Yes	Yes	City
Southeast Arkansas	Grant	Sheridan	No	Yes	County
Southeast Arkansas	Jefferson	Pine Bluff	No	Yes	County & City
Southeast Arkansas	Lincoln	Star City	No	Yes	County
Sebastian County	Sebastian	Barling	Yes	Yes	District
Sebastian County	Sebastian	Fort Smith	Yes	Yes	City
Sebastian County	Sebastian	Greenwood	Subscription	Yes	City
Sebastian County	Sebastian	Hartford/District	No	Yes	District
Sebastian County	Sebastian	Hackett/District	No	Yes	District
Sebastian County	Sebastian	Lavaca/District	No	Yes	District
Sebastian County	Sebastian	Mansfield	No	Yes	City
Sebastian County	Sebastian	Fort Smith	No	Yes	District
SW Arkansas	Calhoun	Hampton/County	Yes	Yes	County
Southwest Arkansas	Columbia	Magnolia	Yes*	Yes	County & Abilities Unlimited
Southwest Arkansas	Dallas	Fordyce	No	Yes	County
Southwest Arkansas	Miller	Texarkana	No	Yes	City
Southwest Arkansas	Ouachita	Camden/County & Ouachita Industries	No	Yes	City
Southwest Arkansas	Union	El Dorado	No	Yes	City
Southwest Arkansas	Union	Smackover	No	Yes	City
Southwest Central	Clark	Arkadelphia	No	Yes	City
Southwest Central	Clark	Gurdon	No	Yes	City
Southwest Central	Clark	Okolona	No	Yes	City
Southwest Central	Garland	Garland County	No	Yes	County
Southwest Central	Garland	Hot Springs Village	Yes	Yes	City
Southwest Central	Garland	Hot Springs Village	Yes	Yes	City
Southwest Central	Hot Spring	Amity	No	Yes	County
Southwest Central	Hot Spring	Bismarck	No	Yes	County
Southwest Central	Hot Spring	Donaldson	No	Yes	County
Southwest Central	Hot Spring	Friendship	No	Yes	County
Southwest Central	Hot Spring	Malvern	No	Yes	County
Upper Southwest	Hempstead	Blevins	No	Yes	Nevada Co Recycle & Work Ctr
Upper Southwest	Hempstead	Норе	No	Yes	Rainbow of Challenges

District	County	City	Curbside	Drop-off	Drop-off Provider
Upper Southwest	Howard	Center Point Schools	No	Yes	District
Upper Southwest	Howard	Dierks	No	Yes	District
Upper Southwest	Howard	Mineral Springs	No	Yes	City
Upper Southwest	Howard	Nashville	No	Yes	District & HC Children's Ctr
Upper Southwest	Howard	Toilette	No	Yes	District
Upper Southwest	Howard	Umpire	No	Yes	District
Upper Southwest	Lafayette	Lewisville	No	Yes	County Transfer Station
Upper Southwest	Lafayette	Stamps	No	Yes	City
Upper Southwest	Little River	Ashdown	No	Yes	District & HC Children's Ctr
Upper Southwest	Little River	Foreman	No	Yes	District
Upper Southwest	Little River	Yarborough Landing@ Millwood SP	No	Yes	District & HCCC
Upper Southwest	Montgomery	Caddo Hills Schools	No	Yes	County
Upper Southwest	Montgomery	Mount Ida	No	Yes	District & County
Upper Southwest	Montgomery	Norman	No	Yes	District & County
Upper Southwest	Nevada	Prescott	No	Yes	Nevada Co Recycle & Work Ctr
Upper Southwest	Pike	Center Point School	No	Yes	Howard County Children's Ctr
Upper Southwest	Pike	Delight	No	Yes	District
Upper Southwest	Pike	Glenwood	No	Yes	District & Montgomery County
Upper Southwest	Pike	Kirby	No	Yes	District
Upper Southwest	Pike	Murfreesboro	No	Yes	District & Howard Co. Children's Ctr
Upper Southwest	Polk	Mena	No	Yes	Polk County Development Ctr
Upper Southwest	Sevier	Gillham	No	Yes	District
Upper Southwest	Sevier	Horatio	No	Yes	District
Upper Southwest	Sevier	Lockesburg	No	Yes	District
West River Valley	Crawford	Alma	No	Yes	District
West River Valley	Franklin	Branch	No	Yes	District
West River Valley	Franklin	Charleston	No	Yes	District
West River Valley	Johnson	Clarksville	No	Yes	District, County & City
West River Valley	Conway	Hattieville	No	Yes	District (Wonderview School)
West River Valley	Johnson	Lamar	No	Yes	District
West River Valley	Logan	Booneville	No	Yes	County
West River Valley	Logan	Paris	No	Yes	District & County
West River Valley	Franklin	Ozark	Yes	Yes	County
West River Valley	Perry	Perryville	No	Yes	District & County
West River Valley	Pope	Russellville	Yes	Yes	District
West River Valley	Conway	Morrilton	Yes	Yes	City & Conway Co. Community Ctr

District	County	City	Curbside	Drop-off	Drop-off Provider
West River Valley	Scott	Waldron	Yes	Yes	District, County & City
West River Valley	Logan	Scranton	No	Yes	District
West River Valley	Crawford	Van Buren	Yes	Yes	District & City
West River Valley	Yell	Dardanelle	No	Yes	District & County
White River	Cleburne	Greer's Ferry	No	Yes	City
White River	Cleburne	Heber Springs	Yes	Yes	City & Service Recycling
White River	Fulton	Mammoth Springs	No	Yes	City
White River	Fulton	Salem	No	Yes	City
White River	Fulton	Viola	No	Yes	City
White River	Fulton/lzard/Sharp	Cherokee Village	No	Yes	Tri-County Recycling
White River	Independence	Batesville	Yes*	Yes	County
White River	Izard	Calico Rock	No	Yes	City
White River	Izard	Horseshoe Bent	No	Yes	City
White River	Izard	Melbourne	No	Yes	City
White River	Jackson	Diaz	No	Yes	City
White River	Jackson	Newport	No	Yes	County
White River	Jackson	Tuckerman	No	Yes	City
White River	Sharp	Ash Flat	No	Yes	City
White River	Sharp	Cherokee Village	No	Yes	City
White River	Sharp	Hardy	No	Yes	City
White River	Stone	Fox & Timbo	No	Yes	County
White River	Stone	Mountain View	Yes	Yes	City & County
White River	Van Buren	Clinton	Yes	Yes	City & County
White River	Van Buren	Fairfield Bay	No	Yes	Hippe FFB Recycling
White River	White	Bald Knob	No	Yes	City
White River	White	Beebe	Yes	Yes	City
White River	White	McRae	No	Yes	City
White River	White	Searcy	Yes	Yes	City
White River	Woodruff	Agusta	Yes	Yes	City
White River	Woodruff	McCrory	Yes	Yes	City
White River	Woodruff	Patterson	No	Yes	City

^{*}in curbside column means the curbside program runs countywide.

PART TWO – Recommendations for the 2013-2023 State and Regional Solid Waste Plans

A. Needs Assessment Subcommittee Recommendations

Recommendation #1 - Change the statutes and/or regulations to reflect a change in the purpose of the Needs Assessment and Solid Waste Management Plan (from tracking waste across RSWMD jurisdictional boundaries and providing for disposal capacity) to meeting the goals of waste diversion, as established in the state and district solid waste management plans.

Statutory and regulatory changes will be required.

Implementation will not require additional funding but may require changes in how funds are distributed by ADEQ and the projects approved by regional solid waste management districts.

Recommendation #2 - Change the time frames so that each district updates its Needs Assessment and Solid Waste Management Plan every five years. For proper sequencing, the first Needs Assessment would be due in year four, and the Solid Waste Management Plan update due the next year. This would clarify the times in which certain plan elements are due, which are currently confusing and sometimes contradictory.

Statutory and regulatory changes will be required.

<u>Recommendation #3</u> - Require that each district provide only an annual report updating the district's progress toward goals in its own 10-year plan. This would be a short, simple report.

This recommendation may require changes in either the statutes or legislation, depending on which avenue will be required to effect the change.

B. Collection Subcommittee Recommendations

<u>Recommendation #1</u> - Weekly curbside/roadside collection services should be established for all household solid waste for residential dwellings within the state.

Necessary funding can be gained through user fees, taxes or other fee authority at the local level.

<u>Recommendation #2</u> - A minimum of semi-monthly collection services or a suitable alternative system (transfer stations) for recyclable material collection should be made available for all residential dwellings within the state. Cities should be required to implement a curbside recycling program, beginning with the most populated cities and eventually including cities of all sizes. The implementation schedule should become part of each district's plan.

Legislation may be required. Funding will be required.

Recommendation #3 - A minimum of semi-monthly yard waste collection services or a suitable Class Y compost facility should be provided for all residential dwellings within the state. Each city within the state should be required to provide such a yard waste program. Each district should include the schedule of implementation within its solid waste plan, beginning with the larger cities. Once this program is implemented, the state should consider implementation of a statewide ban on yard waste.

Legislation will be required, and local government will need additional financial resources.

Recommendation #4 - Weekly curbside/roadside collection services or a suitable alternative (transfer stations or community based drop-off locations) for bulky items should be made available for all residential dwellings within the state. Implementation of the program should be included in each district's plan and be based upon population.

Legislation will not necessarily be required but would be helpful for uniform application across the state.

Additional local revenue will be required.

Recommendation #5 - Each district must have a waste tire program that accepts all the tires within the district. It must be adequate to handle all of the tires generated by residents and businesses within the district's area.

Districts should evaluate the current and future costs of managing waste tire programs and decide whether or not to seek adjustment to the fees currently collected by the state for this program.

C. Disposal Subcommittee Recommendations

<u>Recommendation #1</u> – Evaluate the disposal capacity of permitted landfills. Establish a 10-year minimum of disposal capacity for each district.

Legislation may be required; any type of partnership in disposal should be by written agreement, with proper legal notifications to each district and recognized by the courts.

If a district has no existing Class 1 landfill or has a facility with less than 10 years' capacity, it could partner with an adjoining district to offer low cost disposal for their residents. Funding would be necessary for new facilities or the implementation of new technologies.

Recommendation #2 - Evaluate the waste stream of permitted landfills through a six-month waste audit. Develop a business plan for the diversion and recycling of waste based on the audit results.

Compliance will require legislation. Facilities may need additional funding.

<u>Recommendation #3</u> - Expedite the permitting process through the addition of personnel and other resources at ADEQ.

Recommendation #4 - Allow for the establishment of "dirty" material recovery facilities (MRFs) at permitted landfills.

Legislation will be required. Facilities will need additional labor, space and markets.

Recommendation #5 - Require districts to establish Household Hazardous Waste sites within their boundaries.

Funding and additional regulations may be required.

<u>Recommendation #6</u> - Phase in bans of certain materials from landfills, including HHW, e-waste, clean cardboard, etc., and require manufacturer responsibility programs for recycling or reusing those materials.

Legislation will be required and funding will be required.

Recommendation #7 - Develop a media and/or education campaign that recognizes and explains the current and future costs of (1) transporting, diverting, disposing and recycling solid waste, (2) operating a properly run disposal facility, (3) maintaining closed landfills, and (4) developing emerging technologies. The campaign should also emphasize the economic impact a properly operated disposal program will have on local and state economic development.

Legislation and funding will be required.

D. Recycling Subcommittee Recommendations

Recommendation #1 - To be complete, all recycling efforts will need to accept the following items: paper products, including news print, cardboard, white office paper, mixed paper, magazines, junk mail catalogs, phone books, boxboard and chipboard; metals, both steel and aluminum cans; plastic - #1PET, #2 HDPE and others where possible; clear and colored glass (no window glass, glass ceramics, light bulbs or ovenware); electronics, including personal electronic devices, televisions, stereos and computers; white goods (large residential appliances); tires and car batteries. All cities should have recycling in some form to include these items.

Legislation will be required. Financial needs will have to be determined as the project moves forward and a trend is established in the amount of money recaptured from selling recycled items.

Recommendation #2 - Require all districts working in association with communities and counties to maintain websites for public access with an updated list of all materials collected, location of collection sites, contact information and alternative disposal options for waste materials. The districts are to ensure that city and county recycling/diversion programs are financially sustainable and are using best management practices.

Legislation will be required. Minor funding may be required.

Recommendation #3 - The 10-year goal is to have all incorporated cities with a population of 5,000 or more to offer residential curbside recycling and trash services. Communities of this size must work with the districts to make available convenient opportunities for commercial and multi-family recycling.

Legislation will be required.

Recommendation #4 - The 10-year goal is to have all incorporated cities with a population of less than 5,000 offer convenient residential, multi-family, and commercial recycling opportunities, such as drop off locations. This should be done in cooperation with the districts.

This will probably require legislation. Funding should come from the districts.

<u>Recommendation #5</u> - Districts will encourage the development and implementation of public venue/special event recycling programs. Districts will offer guidance for best management practices, education assistance and information, along with collection and marketing strategies for public venue facilities and special events. Districts will discourage use of non-recyclable items like Styrofoam cups.

Legislation and funding will be required.

E. Special Materials Subcommittee Recommendations

Recommendation #1

Establish a series of workshops and/or a committee to explore the alternative uses of special materials in other states. This recommendation should be implemented in early 2014.

Funding might be necessary for travel.

Recommendation #2 - Develop an on-going directory of special materials that, if diverted from landfills, would conserve resources and provide an additional market of reusable materials. The use of these materials should follow ASTM standards or other industry criteria. This directory should be ready to go on the ADEQ website by June 1, 2014.

Regulations may need revision. Funding may be required.

<u>Recommendation #3</u> - Encourage and incentivize the use of thermal recovery from municipal, commercial and industrial sources.

Legislation may be required. Tax credits and financial incentives will be required.

<u>Recommendation #4</u> - Require ADEQ and districts to exercise CERCLA due diligence in the selection, use and operation of recycling and disposal facilities.

Legislation may be required. Funding will be required.

<u>Recommendation #5</u> - Develop an illegal dump program that provides additional resources to identify and remediate illegal dumps, while providing education, enforcement, and restricted access to prevent future dumping.

Legislation may be required. Incentives for cities, counties, and RSWMDs will be required.

F. Education and Public Participation Subcommittee Recommendations

Recommendation #1 - Implement a statewide media campaign addressing various avenues of solid waste management, including proper disposal, handling special waste streams (paint, sharps, HHW), waste reduction and recycling. The campaign should also address improper/illegal disposal (e.g., burn barrels, burning household wastes etc.). Pick-up Arkansas should be considered as a model.

Funding will be required.

<u>Recommendation #2</u> - Every regional solid waste management district should have an updated, accurate website that provides citizens easy-to-use access to information about recycling, composting, waste reduction and waste management services in their communities. Information should include what materials are accepted, days and hours of operation, physical location, how materials are collected/accepted and contact information for further questions. [Example: White River Regional Solid Waste Management website.]

<u>Recommendation #3</u> - Districts should develop partnerships within communities to improve information dissemination.

<u>Recommendation #4</u> - Solid waste districts and individual waste management entities (cities, counties, designated recycling collection centers, etc.) should use social media to increase awareness of waste management methods and opportunities.

<u>Recommendation #5</u> - Requirements for teaching environmental education in schools should be increased/expanded or established.

Legislation may be required.